Easter Weekend March 22 & 23, 2008 ©2008 Scott L. Engle

Mark 16:1-8 (NRSV)

When the Sabbath was over, Mary Magdalene, and Mary the mother of James, and Salome bought spices, so that they might go and anoint him. ²And very early on the first day of the week, when the sun had risen, they went to the tomb. ³They had been saying to one another, "Who will roll away the stone for us from the entrance to the tomb?" ⁴When they looked up, they saw that the stone, which was very large, had already been rolled back. ⁵As they entered the tomb, they saw a young man, dressed in a white robe, sitting on the right side; and they were alarmed. ⁶But he said to them, "Do not be alarmed; you are looking for Jesus of Nazareth, who was crucified. He has been raised; he is not here. Look, there is the place they laid him. ⁷But go, tell his disciples and Peter that he is going ahead of you to Galilee; there you will see him, just as he told you." ⁸So they went out and fled from the tomb, for terror and amazement had seized them; and they said nothing to anyone, for they were afraid.

Colossians 3:1-14 (NRSV)

So if you have been raised with Christ, seek the things that are above, where Christ is, seated at the right hand of God. ²Set your minds on things that are above, not on things that are on earth, ³for you have died, and your life is hidden with Christ in God. ⁴When Christ who is your life is revealed, then you also will be revealed with him in glory.

⁵Put to death, therefore, whatever in you is earthly: fornication, impurity, passion, evil desire, and greed (which is idolatry). ⁶On account of these the wrath of God is coming on those who are disobedient. ⁷These are the ways you also once followed, when you were living that life. ⁸But now you must get rid of all such things—anger, wrath, malice, slander, and abusive language from your mouth. ⁹Do not lie to one another, seeing that you have stripped off the old self with its practices ¹⁰and have clothed yourselves with the new self, which is being renewed in knowledge according to the image of its creator. ¹¹In that renewal there is no longer Greek and Jew, circumcised and uncircumcised, barbarian, Scythian, slave and free; but Christ is all and in all!

¹²As God's chosen ones, holy and beloved, clothe yourselves with compassion, kindness, humility, meekness, and patience. ¹³Bear with one another and, if anyone has a complaint against another, forgive each other; just as the Lord has forgiven you, so you also must forgive. ¹⁴Above all, clothe yourselves with love, which binds everything together in perfect harmony.

Christ the Lord is risen today! Alleluia!

Alarmed. Terrified. Amazed. Afraid. Those are the words that Mark uses to describe the reaction of the women to the empty tomb. Terror? You betcha. I'm sure that Salome and the two Marys would have had trouble putting their frightful surprise into words. Some surprises are clearly occasions for joy, others for sadness. But sometimes, like the women's surprise on that Sunday morning, there is only confusion and anxiety and even fear.

Frankly, at first glance, none of this makes sense to us. We think to ourselves, it's Easter morning! Christ is risen! Alleluia! How could alarm and terror characterize the women's experience? Doesn't an angel even show up to explain to them what has happened.

To understand their fear, there are a few things we need to keep in mind:

- Among first-century Jews, there was no expectation of a suffering, much less
 crucified, Messiah. The Messiah was to arrive in power and might and wonder
 and glory to cleanse the temple, expel the pagans, and restore God's kingdom. The
 fact that Jesus ends up dead on a cross could only mean that he wasn't the
 Messiah. Wonderful and beloved rabbi, yes. Prophet, yes. But the Messiah could
 never meet such an end . . . or so everyone believed.
- And if there was no expectation of a dead Messiah, there couldn't be any
 expectation of a resurrected Messiah, or for that matter the resurrection of any
 single person until all were resurrected on the Day of the Lord. The ancients knew
 what we know; namely, until that day comes, the dead stay dead.
- Thus, when the three women arrive and find the stone rolled away, their only
 thought would be that someone had beaten them to the tomb, either to take Jesus'
 body or to desecrate it.

To reiterate, they do not arrive at the tomb hoping to find that Jesus had been resurrected. Instead, they don't know what to make of the empty tomb . . . and then an angel shows up!

You might think that the angel's arrival would be comforting to them. But, invariably, the first words out of an angel's mouth are something like "Don't be afraid." I don't know about you, but that makes sense to me. I imagine that if an angel ever appeared to me, I too would be amazed and afraid.

How can we be "raised with Christ"?

Paul's reference to Christians being raised with Christ¹ can be read as soaring, but empty, rhetoric. How can we be resurrected with Jesus when we haven't even died yet? Good question.

But he means exactly what he says. For Paul, it is as real as the chair you are sitting in. But how can something have happened already, if it hasn't happened yet. How could it have happened and yet still be coming?

We have a bit of experience with such a notion. We once spoke of marriages as being consummated. Though the bridal couple might be pronounced husband and wife at 3pm, the marriage wasn't "official" until it had been consummated later by the couple's sexual union. If there was no such union, then there had been no marriage; the couple's subsequent separation wouldn't be a divorce but an annulment, which is the recognition that there never had been a marriage.

Thus, if you asked the couple at their reception immediately after the wedding, "Are you married?" They could legitimately reply "yes" and "not yet." Until the consummation, the couple would be in a kind of "in between" time.

Now, that illustration is a mere shadow of what Paul claims. With the death and resurrection of Jesus, God's kingdom, his new world, has come *already*, but *not yet*. Though the consummation (our own bodily resurrection) lies yet ahead, God's people are *already* part of this new world. What is true of Jesus, is true of us. As Tom Wright puts it in his commentary on Colossians, "You died with the Messiah, so you don't belong in the old world any more . . . You were raised with the Messiah, so you possess a true life in God's new world."²

Granted, we don't feel like it much of the time, but believing something that is true even when you don't *feel* like it is faith. My wife, Patti, may not always feel like I love her, but I do. You are a new person in Christ, even if you don't feel like it or have much to show for it yet. Paul knows this, which is why in today's passage from Colossians he goes on to talk about shedding our old selves and clothing ourselves with that which belongs to God's new world.

1. When Paul says "if," he means if you are a Christian, as all those with faith in Christ have been raised with Christ. It would be better translated as "Since you have been raised . . . "
2. from Wright's Paul for Everyone commentary

Raised with Christ

Though the women leave the tomb too shocked to even speak, they later found their voice, telling Peter and the whole world of an empty tomb and a visiting angel. They would learn that as Jesus had been raised, in a very real sense, so had they. By virtue of their faith, they had participated in both Jesus' death and his resurrection.

Paul expresses this early Christian understanding in his letter to the Colossians, using the imaginative wardrobe metaphor of 3:1-14. Because we have been raised with Christ to new life, he writes, we are to take off our old clothes of anger, slander, wrath, lying, and the rest. We are to don a new wardrobe of compassion, kindness, humility, meekness, patience, forgiveness, and, foremost, love. Off with the old; on with the new.

Yet, this is no mere admonition or hope. Paul writes, "you have stripped off the old self with its practices and have clothed yourselves with the new self" (v. 9) Notice that he uses the past tense. We are already new selves. Now, we must live as the people into whom God has made us. We are to be who we really are, not who we once were.

This transformation encompasses our whole being. Intellectually, we believe things that we didn't before, about ourselves, this world, about our purpose in life, and so on. Morally, we gain a different sense of right and wrong, of good and evil. Behaviors, thoughts, even TV shows and movies which once seemed harmless, no longer do. Emotionally, we love differently. We lavish less love upon ourselves and pour out our love upon God and one another. We become spiritually open to God, but also to the spiritual needs of others. We see the image of God in those whom we once ignored, or worse, oppressed.1 Truly, the old has gone, the new has come (2 Corinthians 5:17).

This is Easter . . . Alleluia!

¹I've paraphrased some of this from John Stackhouse's book, *Humble Apologetics*, Oxford press, 2002.

The Basics of Jesus' Burial and Resurrection

Burial practices in Jesus' day

A close reading of the various gospel accounts of Jesus' death, burial, and resurrection can often be confusing to us because we don't know the basics of first-century Jewish burial practices. For example, did you ever wonder exactly what they were doing when they "buried" Jesus on Friday? Is there a six-foot deep grave waiting for Jesus' body? Why are the women there on Sunday? Why is there a stone than can be rolled away?

Here's the big surprise: the Jews of Jesus' day practiced a two-stage burial. When a person died, family members would wrap the body in cloth and place it on a ledge in a cave or a man-made family tomb. Perhaps a year or so later, when the body had decomposed, the family would return to the tomb and place the loved one's bones in a box. The "bone box," called an ossuary, would then be labeled and stored in a crypt along with the bone boxes of other family members.

As for Jesus, he was crucified and died on Friday afternoon. Because Jews could not touch a dead body on the Sabbath, which began at sundown on Friday, Mary and the others had to move quickly. Jesus' body was taken down from the cross, quickly wrapped in some linen, and then carried to an unused tomb that belonged to Joseph of Arimethea. Like most such tombs, a round stone was used to block to the entrance. The stone would keep animals out but still enable the family to come and go as they tended to the bodies and bones. There, Jesus' wrapped body was laid on a stone slab. The women planned to return at dawn on Sunday, after resting on the Sabbath, to finish preparing Jesus' body for the year or more it would lie in the tomb. Why women? Because dead bodies were seen as "unclean" by the Jews, handling them was left to the women, who were second-class citizens in the patriarchal cultures of the ancient world.

Resurrection, not resuscitation!

At dawn on Sunday, the women returned to the tomb in which they had laid Jesus' body. There, they discovered that the stone had been rolled away and the tomb emptied! As we'd expect, the women were fearful and perplexed. They would naturally assume that Jesus' body had been taken. After all, they knew, as do we, that death is a one-way street. Surely, they thought to themselves, if Jesus' body was gone then someone had to have taken it. There was simply no notion of a crucified Messiah, much less a resurrected one. Messiahs didn't get themselves killed and the dead stay dead.

Yet, amazingly, an angel tells the women, "He is not here, for he has been raised." Jesus had passed through death to life-after-death and through that to "life after life-after-death" – to resurrection. We need to be clear about this. Jesus' followers would not go on to claim that Jesus had been resuscitated; i.e., merely restored to a mortal life. Jesus had brought Lazarus back to life (John 11), as if he had resuscitated him on an operating table. Lazarus was brought back to life, but he went home to his family, lived many years and then died. Lazarus had been resuscitated by Jesus, but not resurrected. The words simply didn't mean the same thing then, just as they don't mean the same thing now.

Having been visited by the risen Jesus in the weeks after his resurrection, his followers would proclaim that in Jesus, God had begun the great resurrection of all people. Twenty-five years later, Paul would call Jesus the "first-fruits" of this great bodily resurrection of the dead. Jesus was first and one day, upon his return, we shall all be resurrected to new embodied life. Just as Jesus was raised, so shall we all be raised. . . . more next week!

Get the Monkey Off Your Back: Making Sense of Creation and Evolution A New Something Else series on Sundays beginning April 6

The debate around issues of creation and evolution isn't going away. Instead, it seems to get more and more heated, with a lot more talk than understanding. In this series, we'll try to make sense of the debate and see that Christian truth claims are not at odds with scientific claims.

Taught by Scott Engle at 11:00 in Festival Hall on Sunday morning.

Today: no class March 30: A world religions 0 & A

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We've got another great class line-up for this spring. There will be the usual offering of diverse, interesting, and meaningful classes during the day and in the evening. We've also got another one-day Saturday workshop scheduled. As always, childcare will be provided. Please join us . . . and register soon.